## Chapter 3 Power Usage Answers



<u>Understanding</u> your RV power usage is one of the biggest hurdles for most people.

## | Appliances

#### **Air Conditioner**

A small 13,500 BTU air conditioner unit uses **1,500** watts when running. That's about **150** amps inverted from your batteries. Or **15** amps when plugged into shore power.

#### **Furnace**

Because of propane, these only use about 5 amps on 12 volt plugged in.

#### **Hot Water Heater**

Tank water heaters are constantly firing up in the background to hold temperature. If you're connected to shore power, it can use **15** amps. On battery power, they only use **2** amps.

Tankless on-demand water heaters are more efficient and only use **1.3** amps.

#### **Water Pump**

RV water pumps are pretty efficient, only using <u>5</u> amps when running on batteries. They automatically shut off when water isn't running anymore.

#### **Microwave or Convection Oven**

These units can use up to <u>15</u> amps on shore power which means closer to <u>130</u> amps and <u>1,500</u> watts if running off your batteries.

#### **Stove and Oven**

A propane based stove and oven should use **zero or no** power.

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## Lights

A single LED bulb can use  $\underline{\textbf{1.5}}$  amps or less, which is good because you probably have upwards of 30 bulbs in your rig.

Halogen or incandescent bulbs can use up to 3 amps each.

### Fans

Standard fans run at **1.5** amps or less.

Larger Fan-Tastic or Maxxair fans can use up to 3 amps on 12-volt power.

## Plugs

USB plugs run at 1.5 amps on 12 volt.

Household style outlets are limited by **30** or **50** amp service and your **inverter** size.

## Jacks

A single tongue jack can easily use up to <u>30</u> amps, and a self-leveling system can use the same, but for <u>each leg</u>.